

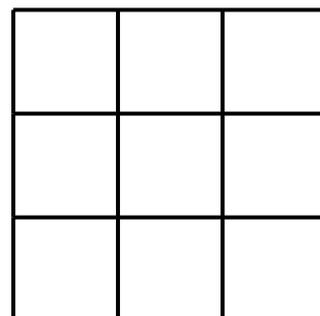
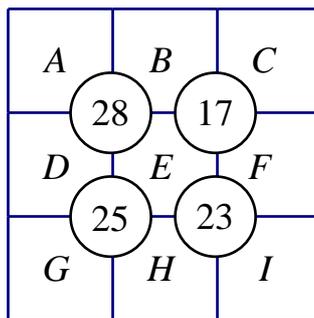
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TEAM CONTEST

29th July, 2015, Changchun, China

Team : _____ Score : _____

1. In the diagram below, replace each letter by a different number from of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, so that the sum of the four numbers around each circle is equal to the number inside the circle.



Answer: _____

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2. Find the sum of all four-digit perfect squares such that if each of its digits is reduced by the same amount, the resulting four-digit number is still a perfect square. (Different reduction amounts may be used for different perfect squares.)

Answer: _____

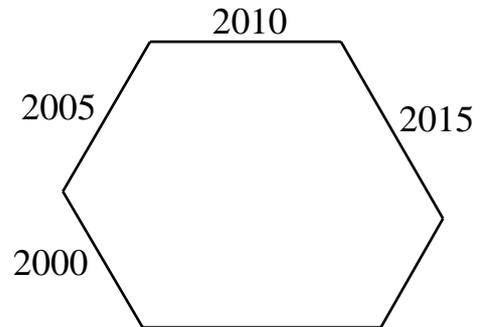
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3. A hexagon has six angles of 120° . The lengths of four consecutive sides are 2000 cm, 2005 cm, 2010 cm and 2015 cm. Calculate the circumference, in cm, of this hexagon.



Answer: _____ cm

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4. There is a 4×4 grid posted on the wall. Find the number of ways of placing two identical red counters and two identical blue counters on four different squares of the grid such that no column or row has two counters of the same color.

Answer: _____ ways

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5. What is the minimum size of a collection of perfect squares, with repetitions allowed, such that every positive integer up to 100 can be expressed as a sum of the numbers in the collection? A sum may consist of one number from the collection as well.

Answer: _____ perfect squares

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6. Kelly is younger than 100 and Kerry is older than 9. Kelly's age becomes Kerry's age when it is multiplied by a fraction whose denominator is 999 and whose numerator is a three-digit number with 5 as the tens digit. How many possible values of Kerry's age are there?

Answer: _____

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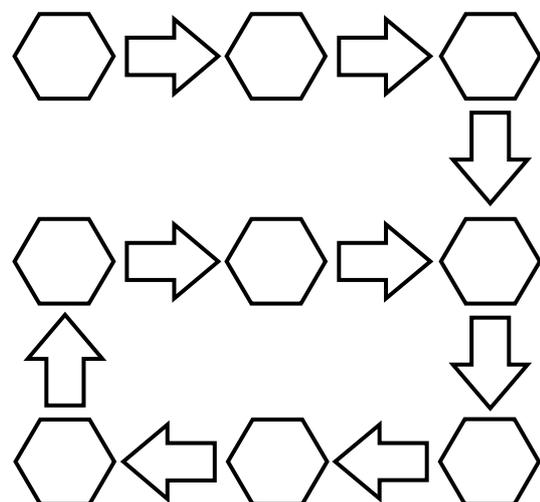
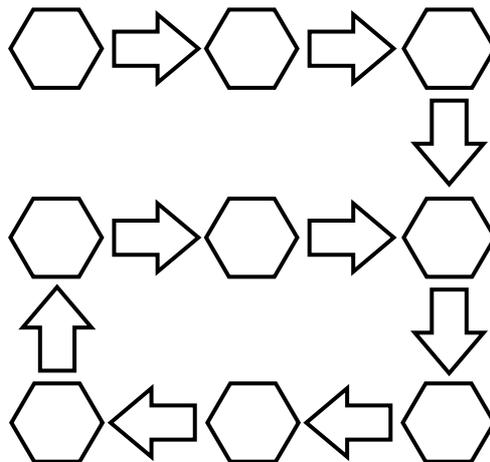
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7. In the diagram below, each hexagon contains one of the numbers 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 18, 20 and 36. Each number appears once except that 6 appears twice. Each arrow contains one of the operations -1 , $\div 2$, $+3$, $\times 3$, $+4$, $\times 4$, $\div 9$ and $+16$. Each operation appears once except that -1 appears twice. Complete the diagram so that each operation applied to the number in the preceding hexagon yields the number in the succeeding hexagon. Note that one of the hexagon succeeds no arrows while another one succeeds two arrows.



Answer: _____

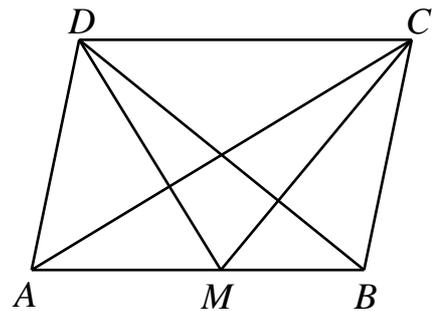
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8. M is a point on the side AB of a parallelogram $ABCD$ such that $AM : MB = 4 : 3$. DM and CM are perpendicular respectively to AC and BD . If $BC = 5$ cm, find the area, in cm^2 , of $ABCD$.



Answer: _____ cm^2

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9. Find the largest six-digit number with distinct digits which is a perfect square and its digits follow an increasing order from left to right.

Answer: _____

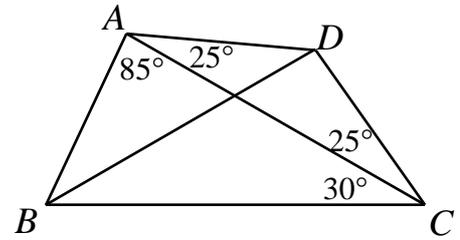
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10. In a convex quadrangle $ABCD$, $\angle DAC = \angle DCA = 25^\circ$, $\angle BAC = 85^\circ$ and $\angle ACB = 30^\circ$. Find the measure, in degrees, of $\angle BDC$.



o

Answer: _____